## WHEN TO SEEK

**PSYCHOLOGICAL HELP?** 



- \* TENSION DOES NOT EASE AFTER THE EVENT
- **YOU EXPERIENCE SUFFERING**
- YOU KEEP THINKING ABOUT WHAT HAP-PENED
- YOU ARE PLAGUED BY INVOLUNTARY FLASHBACKS OF THE EVENT
- **YOU CANNOT SLEEP**
- YOU HAVE NO APPETITE AND ENERGY
- IT IS DIFFICULT TO TAKE CARE OF YOUR-SELF OR OTHERS
- ★ IT IS DIFFICULT TO PERFORM DAILY ACTIVITIES

  TIES
- YOU OFTEN INDULGE IN ALCOHOL OR OTHER SUBSTANCES
- **YOU ARE CONSIDERING SUICIDE**



HELP?

- **\*** Free emotional support lines:
  - o Men's line **+370 670 00027** (Mon-Fri 10:00-14:00)
- Mental health centres at polyclinics
- \*\* Crisis Management Centre +370 640 51555 (Mon-Fri 16:00-20:00, Sat 12:00-16:00)



- Mobile crisis coping team 1815
- Psychologists of the Lithuanian Red Cross 111
- Private psychologists, psychotherapists, and psychiatrists.



More information: www.pagalbasau.lt

# SELF-HELP IN CASE OF CRISIS



## **HOW DO WE REACT**

#### WHEN EXPERIENCING BIG STRESS?

During a crisis, we react with our entire being – body, emotions, thoughts, and behaviour.



**Body:** Heart palpitations, sweating, trembling, muscle tension, nausea, headaches, insomnia.



**Emotions:** Shock, confusion, anger, sadness, panic, apathy, fear.



**Thoughts:** Difficulty in grasping the situation and making decisions, uncertainty, and helplessness.



**Behaviour:** Crying, anxiety, aggressive behaviour, fleeing from the scene, freezing, distancing oneself from others, loss of appetite, difficulty taking care of oneself and loved ones.

People react very differently. There is no single normal way to react to a crisis situation. It is important to know that reactions change over time: usually, people experience the strongest physical and emotional reactions immediately after the event, and over time, the reactions subside. However, it can also be the other way around – after the initial shock and freeze, a person begins to realise what happened, and is overwhelmed by strong emotions.



### **HOW TO TAKE CARE OF**

#### **ONESELF?**

- \* TAKE CARE OF YOUR BODY: get enough sleep, eat healthy, and exercise. Avoid tobacco and alcohol.
- SOCIALISE: talk about your experiences with family or friends, spend time together.
- \*\* ALLOW YOURSELF TO RELAX: find time for breaks and quiet moments. Go for a walk, breathe deeply and calmly.
- LIMIT THE TIME you spend reading the news.
- **Engage in ENJOYABLE ACTIVITIES.**













